## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA FLORENCE DIVISION

Joseph Wayne Mabry,		) C/A No. 4:08-3065-RBH-TER
	Plaintiff,	)
vs.		) Report and Recommendation
Director Larry Powers; Nurse Judy Collins; Officer Ranken, and Officer Barr,		) ) ) )
	Defendants.	) ) )

## I. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

The Plaintiff, Joseph Wayne Mabry ("Plaintiff"), filed this action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983¹ on September 9, 2008. Plaintiff alleges that his constitutional rights were violated by Defendants. Defendants filed a motion for summary judgment on February 11, 2009. Because Plaintiff is proceeding pro se, the court issued an order on or about February 12, 2009, pursuant to Roseboro v. Garrison, 528 F.2d 309 (4th Cir. 1975), advising that a failure to respond to the Defendants' motion for summary judgment with additional evidence or counter affidavits could result in the dismissal of his complaint. The *Roseboro* Order was returned to the Clerk of Court's office via United States Postal Service on March 12, 2009, marked "Return to Sender" and "No Longer At This Institution." (Document #24). The Court issued an Order on September 17, 2008, in which Plaintiff was ordered to always keep the Clerk

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>All pretrial proceedings in this case were referred to the undersigned pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A) and (B) and Local Rule 73.02(B)(2)(d),DSC. Because this is a dispositive motion, the report and recommendation is entered for review by the District Judge.

of Court advised in writing of his current address and advising that his case may be dismissed for violating the order. (Doc. #6).

## A. RULE 41(B) DISMISSAL

A complaint may be dismissed pursuant to Rule 41 (b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure for failure to prosecute and/or failure to comply with orders of the court. <u>Ballard v. Carlson</u>, 882 F.2d 93 (4th Cir. 1989), <u>cert. denied</u> 493 U.S. 1084 (1990) and <u>Chandler Leasing Corp. v. Lopez</u>, 669 F.2d 919 (4th Cir. 1982). In considering whether to dismiss an action pursuant to Rule 41(b), the court is required to consider four factors:

- (1) the degree of plaintiff's responsibility in failing to respond;
- (2) the amount of prejudice to the defendant;
- (3) the history of the plaintiff in proceeding in a dilatory manner; and,
- (4) the existence of less drastic sanctions other than dismissal.

Davis v. Williams, 588 F.2d 69 (4th Cir. 1978).

In the present case, the Plaintiff is proceeding <u>prose</u> so he is entirely responsible for his actions. It is solely through Plaintiff's neglect, and not that of an attorney, that no responses have been filed. Plaintiff has not responded to Defendants' motion for summary judgment, or the Court's Order requiring him to respond. Further, the *Roseboro* Order and the Order of March 2, 2009, were returned to the Clerk of Court's office *via* United States Postal Service as undeliverable. (Documents #24 and #27).<sup>2</sup> Plaintiff has not provided the Court with an updated address pursuant to the Court's Order of September 17, 2008. The undersigned concludes the Plaintiff has abandoned his lawsuit as to these Defendants. No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Document #27 was also marked "Return to Sender" and checked "No Longer At This Institution."

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other reasonable sanctions are available. Accordingly, it is recommended that this action be dismissed pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 41(b).

## II. CONCLUSION

As set out above, a review of the record indicates that the Plaintiff's complaint should be dismissed for failure to prosecute. It is, therefore,

RECOMMENDED that Plaintiff's complaint be dismissed for failure to prosecute pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 41(b) with prejudice.

Respectfully submitted,

s/Thomas E. Rogers, III
Thomas E. Rogers, III
United States Magistrate Judge

March <u>19</u>, 2009 Florence, South Carolina

The parties' attention is directed to the important information on the attached notice.